Rules for Bollinger Band Trend Trade

The Trend Trade is a trade from the Midband, with the direction of the Higher Time Frame (HTF). When approaching areas for continuation of the trend, the Macds help to determine the best area for continuation. When the Macds show the potential for a ZLR, the Midband is typically the best area for Trend Trades. If the Macds are in a weak state during the retracement, while rolling back to a Bollinger Band and acting as support or resistance, it is showing reason for continuation of the current trend. If not at the Midband at this time, but at Large Triggers and/or a Fibonacci area, the Macds show the potential to continue the trend from this area. The Lower Time Frame (LTF) will help to minimize the risk for entry. The following rules help to determine when this action may occur:

1. Reach an area on the HTF, to bounce from (Midband, Large Trigger, or Fib Area); this needs to be with the HTF's direction.

2. The Macd BB Dots must be at or near opposite Bollinger Band with potential to roll (no sharp angle and/or steep spacing). This is when the Macd Bollinger Band is used as support for a long, or resistance for a short.

3. The HTF's Small Triggers must NOT be strong against the trade's direction (if going long, small triggers must not be crossed or strong down). It is preferred that the small triggers are crossed in the direction of the trade. Closing on the trade side of the small triggers of the LTF will initiate the trade.

4. Potential scale out area (where the trade may not continue through) is a retest of the HTF's Small Triggers, A.K.A. the "Danger Zone", or at the Outer Band.

5. Primary target on this trade is the next area of Fibonacci Support or Resistance on the HTF.
   (Think about Risk Vs. Reward, while a loss of momentum at these target areas may provide a conservative exit)

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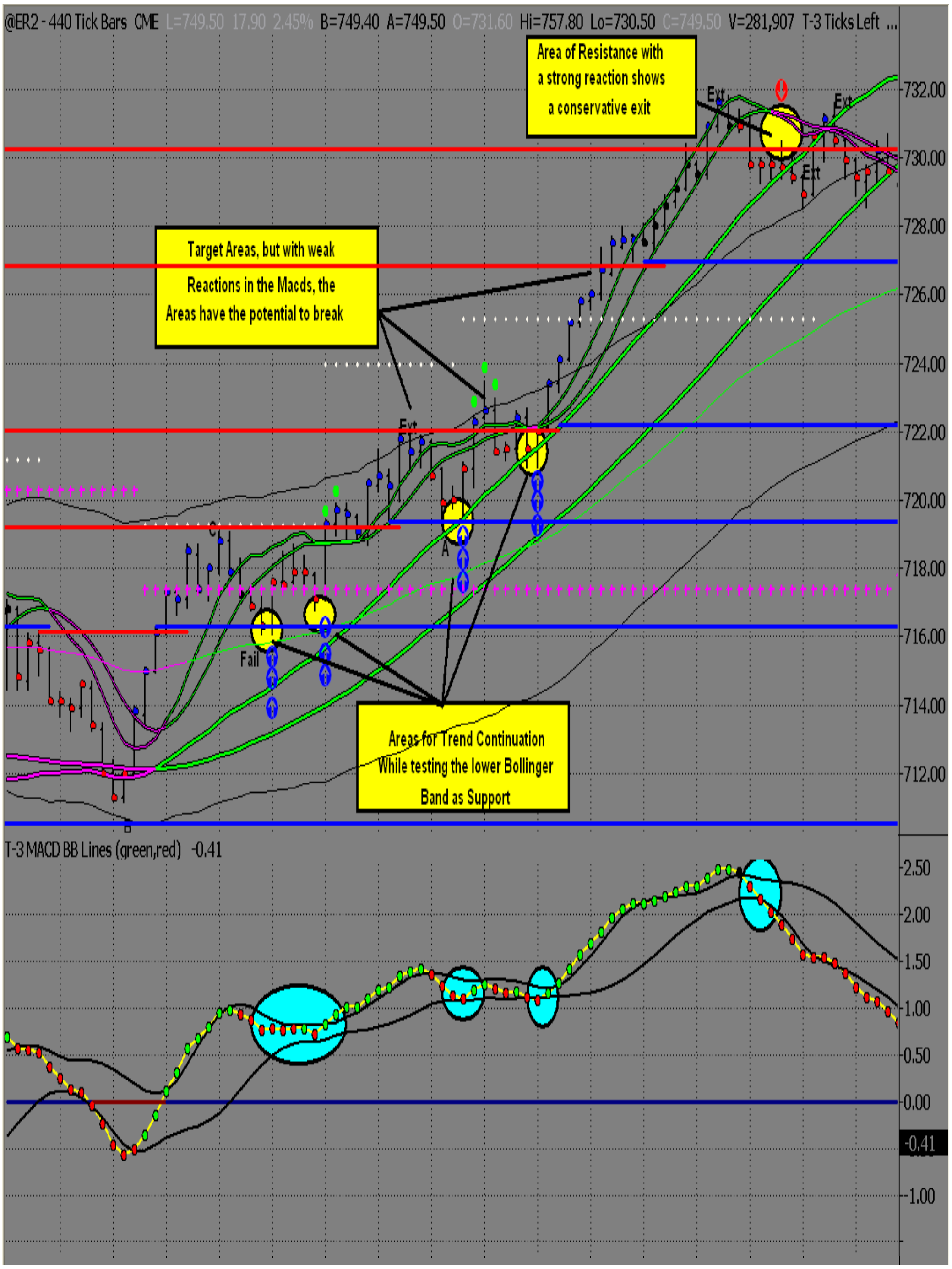

Bollinger Band Trend Trade & Standard Trend Trade